Assessment Test 1

Find the missing number to complete each sum.

Example: $19 + 5 = 2 \times (\underline{12})$

- 1. $5 \times 6 = 15 + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}})$
- 2. $27 \div 3 = 17 (\underline{\hspace{1cm}})$
- 3. $16 + 5 = 3 \times (\underline{\hspace{1cm}})$
- 4. $32 \div 4 = (\underline{\hspace{1cm}}) 2$
- 5. $18 + 7 = 5 \times (\underline{\hspace{1cm}})$

The number codes for three of these four words are listed in a random order. Work out the code to answer the questions.

NOTE TART NEAT TROT 1621 1561 4213

- 6. Find the code for the word **NEAT**.
- 7. Find the code for the word **TORN**. (______)
- 3. Find the word that has the number code **1356**.

The number codes for three of these four words are listed in a random order. Work out the code to answer the questions.

TRAM MAST STAR SALT 1462 6432 2541

- 9. Find the code for the word **STAR**. (______
- 10. Find the code for the word **RAMS**. (______
- 11. Find the word that has the number code **6341**.

Mark a word from the first set, followed by a word from the second set, that go together to form a new word.

Example: (blow high <u>blue</u>) (sky <u>bell</u> shoe) (the new word is 'bluebell')

- 12. (cube jam jelly) (sugar sweet fish)
- 13. (bag key dig) (tea hole age)
- 14. (tell clock watch) (wise off back)
- 15. (ball deep pass) (port kick by)
- 16. (note house side) (able made work)

Read the information carefully, then use it to answer the question that follows.

17. Fiona, Amy, Ezat, William and Jack enter a competition to grow the tallest sunflower. Fiona's sunflower grew over 2.5 m. Amy's sunflower was only half as tall. Ezat and William planted theirs later than the rest. Jack's sunflower won by 35 cm.

If these statements are true, only one of the sentences below **must** be true. Which one?

/ 5

A Amy didn't water hers.

/ 5

/3

/ 3

- **B** Ezat and William's were the same height.
- C Fiona's was the tallest.
- **D** Amy's did not come in the first two.
- E Fiona's came second.
- 18. David, Raoul, Paulita, Joseph and Indira collect football cards. David has twice as many as Raoul. Paulita gave some of her cards to Joseph. Indira has fewer cards than Raoul. Joseph has as many as Paulita and David together.

If these statements are true, only one of the sentences below **must** be true. Which one?

- A Paulita has the fewest cards.
- **B** They all play in football teams.
- C Joseph has the most cards.
- **D** Paulita and David have the same number of cards.
- E Joseph has 50 cards.

Each letter stands for a number. Work out the answer to each sum as a letter.

Example: A = 2 B = 3 C = 5 D = 9 E = 12
$$B \times C - B = (\underline{E})$$

19.
$$A = 3$$
 $B = 5$ $C = 6$ $D = 8$ $E = 13$ $A + D - C = (____)$

20.
$$A = 2$$
 $B = 6$ $C = 8$ $D = 10$ $E = 13$ $D - B + A = (____)$

21.
$$A = 1$$
 $B = 7$ $C = 9$ $D = 11$ $E = 14$ $E \div B + C = (____)$

22.
$$A = 1$$
 $B = 3$ $C = 5$ $D = 12$ $E = 14$ $C \times B - D = (____)$

23.
$$A = 2$$
 $B = 7$ $C = 8$ $D = 11$ $E = 12$ $E - C + B = (____)$

Mark the word outside the brackets that has a similar meaning to the words in both sets of brackets.

Example: (find discover) (stain mark) freckle smudge spot detect see

Find the three-letter word that completes the word in capital letters, and finishes the sentence in a sensible way.

Example: The fire-breathing **DON** scared the princess. (<u>RAG</u>)

Mark the pair of letters that completes each sentence in the most sensible way. Use the alphabet to help you.

A B C D E F G H I | K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

Example: KM is to NQ as NP is to (QT RT QR RS TQ).

/ 5

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Mark two words, one from each set of brackets, that have the most opposite meaning.

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Example: (brush <u>clean</u> wash) (<u>dirty</u> fresh pure)

Find the number that completes the final set of numbers in the same way as the first two sets.

	Example: 2 (11) 9	5 (13) 8	6 (<u>16</u>) 10	
44.	5 (14) 19	6 (11) 17	8 () 18	
45.	16 (8) 2	21 (3) 7	16 () 4	
46.	2 (11) 8	5 (26) 20	7 () 6	
47.	10 (15) 20	7 (14) 21	8 () 24	_
48.	13 (4) 26	9 (8) 36	7 () 28	

Three of the words in each list are linked. Mark the two words that are not related to these three.									
Example : teacher doctor <u>hospital</u> firefighter <u>lesson</u>	J								
49. hail snow sleet fog wind									
50. laugh cry weep sob chuckle									
51. barn stable house cottage sty									
52. tongue cheek gum nose teeth									
53. candle torch beam ray lamp									
54. leopard lion tiger monkey elephant									
55. stable saddle rein jockey stirrup	(_/7)								
Mark two words, one from each set of brackets, that have the most similar meaning. Example: (weak soft small) (tiny strong large)									
56. (shout talk say) (sing yell argue)									
57. (recipe cook kitchen) (chef menu waiter)									
58. (patient calm easy) (carefree simple sensible)									
59. (sturdy proper honest) (truthful reliable loyal)									
60. (solid heavy sizeable) (strong impressive huge)	(_/5)								
Find the word that completes the third pair of words so that it follows the same pattern as the first two pairs. Example: pain nap tame eat post (top)									
61. fear era will ill rota ()									
62. reach hear talks salt brand ()									
63. snare sane brave bare place ()									
64. ballet belt screen seen healed ()									
65. nominee mine predict edit cushion ()	(/ 5)								

In each sentence below a four-letter word is hidden at the end of one word and the start of the next. Either mark the part of the sentence that contains the hidden word on the answer sheet, or write the hidden word on the line.											
	Example: ((<u>mean</u>)									
66.	We're the prou	d owners of puppies.	()								
67.	When you're bo	ored, lessons seem end	()								
68.	On Friday we h	ave lunch early.		()							
69.	Thunder crashe	()									
70.	Stand over then	e while you wait.		()	(/ 5						
Find the letter that will finish the first word and start the second word of each pair. The same letter must be used for both pairs. Either mark the letter on the answer sheet, or write it on the line. Example: ban (?) ave fla (?) ain (q)											
$\overline{}$	-Aumpier o	(.) are na (.) and									
71.	fla (?) ind	sho (?) et	()								
72.	sta (?) ell	war (?) ear	()								
73.	dra (?) ate	le (?) ash	()								
74.	stoo (?) ane	rea (?) eap	()								
75.	cra (?) ite	ker (?) elt	()		(/5)						
Mark two words, one from each set of brackets, that complete the sentence in the most sensible way.											
Example: Cow is to (barn grass <u>calf</u>) as sheep is to (wool farm <u>lamb</u>).											
76. Vegetable is to (soil green patch) as flower is to (vase bed bouquet).											
77.	7. Pen is to (write ink cage) as pencil is to (scribble wood lead).										
78.	3. Frog is to (pond tadpole croak) as butterfly is to (caterpillar wings flower).										
79.	79. Coal is to (black mine fire) as water is to (drink tap soap).										
80.	. Coffee is to (milk drink bean) as tea is to (pot leaf bag).										

/ 80

Total

- Assessment Test 1

2)
$$8 - 27 \div 3 = 17 - 8$$

3)
$$7 - 16 + 5 = 3 \times 7$$

4)
$$10 - 32 \div 4 = 10 - 2$$

5) 5
$$-18 + 7 = 5 \times 5$$

8) **TEAR** —
$$T = 1$$
, $E = 3$, $A = 5$, $R = 6$

- 12) jellyfish 'jellyfish' is the only correctly spelled word that can be made.
- 13) keyhole 'keyhole' is the only correctly spelled word that can be made.
- 14) clockwise 'clockwise' is the only correctly spelled word that can be made.
- 15) passport 'passport' is the only correctly spelled word that can be made.
- 16) housework 'housework' is the only correctly spelled word that can be made.
- 17) D Jack's sunflower won by 35 cm, so it must be taller than Fiona's which was 2.5 m. If Amy's sunflower was only half as tall as Fiona's, she cannot have come in the first two.
- 18) C If Joseph has as many cards as Paulita and David together, David has twice as many as Raoul, and Raoul has more than Indira, then Joseph has the most.

19) B
$$-$$
 3 + 8 - 6 = 5, B = 5

- **20)** B -10 6 + 2 = 6. B = 6
- 21) D 14 ÷ 7 + 9 = 11, D = 11
- **22)** B 5 x 3 12 = 3. B = 3
- 23) D 12 8 + 7 = 11, D = 11
- 24) aim 'aim' can mean 'to point something in a particular direction' or 'a desired outcome'.
- 25) ditch 'ditch' can mean 'a narrow channel used for drainage or 'to discard'.
- 26) gift 'gift' can mean 'a talent or inclination' or 'something given'.
- 27) track 'track' can mean 'a rough path' or 'to follow'.
- 28) rule 'rule' can mean 'a code of behaviour' or 'to exercise control'.
- 29) CAR The complete word is SCARF.
- 30) RIB The complete word is HORRIBLE.
- 31) HIM The complete word is CHIMNEY.
- 32) CAP The complete word is ESCAPED.
- 33) FOR The complete word is AFFORD.
- 34) KU The first letter in the pair moves back 4 letters, the second letter moves forward 4 letters.
- 35) QR The first letter in the pair moves forward 4 letters, the second letter moves back 2 letters.
- 36) KP CX, FU and HS are mirror pairs, where the two letters are an equal distance from the centre of the alphabet. F is 3 letters forward from C, so the missing mirror pair is KP, because K is 3 letters forward from H, and P is its mirror pair.
- 37) PK The first letter in the pair moves forward 6 letters, the second letter moves back 6 letters.
- 38) LO DW, GT and IR are mirror pairs, where the two letters are an equal distance from the centre of the alphabet. G is 3 letters forward from D, so the missing mirror pair is LO, because L is 3 letters forward from I, and O is its mirror pair.
- 39) ancient youthful 'ancient' means 'old', whereas 'youthful' means 'young'.
- 40) poverty wealth 'poverty' refers to being poor, whereas 'wealth' refers to being rich.
- 41) early delayed 'early' means 'before the expected time', whereas 'delayed' means 'late'.
- 42) dangerous safe 'dangerous' means 'unsafe', whereas 'safe' means 'free from danger'.
- 43) join separate 'join' means 'to link', whereas 'separate' means 'to break apart'.
- 44) 10 Subtract the first number from the last number.
- 45) 4 Divide the first number by the third number.
- 46) 14 Add the two outer numbers together, then add 1.
- 47) 16 Find the mid-point between the two outer numbers.
- 48) 8 Divide the third number by the first number, multiply the answer by 2.
- 49) fog wind The other three are all types of precipitation.
- 50) laugh chuckle The other three are all things you do if you feel sad.
- 51) house cottage The other three are buildings where animals are kept.
- 52) cheek nose The other three are all inside the mouth.
- 53) beam ray The other three are all things which produce light.
- 54) monkey elephant The other three are all types of bia cat.
- 55) stable jockey The other three are all pieces of tack a horse wears

- 56) shout yell Both of these mean 'to make a loud noise'.
- 57) cook chef Both of these are people who prepare food.
- 58) easy simple Both of these mean 'straightforward'.
- 59) honest truthful Both of these mean 'sincere'.
- 60) sizeable huge Both of these mean 'large'.
- 61) oat Rearrange letters 2, 3, 4 in the order 2, 4, 3.
- 62) drab Rearrange letters 1, 2, 3, 5 in the order 5, 2, 3, 1.
- 63) pale Rearrange letters 1, 2, 3, 5 in the order 1, 3, 2, 5.
- 64) held Rearrange letters 1, 4, 5, 6 in the order 1, 5, 4, 6.
- 65) shin Remove letters 1, 2 and 6, leaving the remaining letters in the order 3, 4, 5, 7.
- 66) proud owners The hidden word is 'down'.
- 67) seem endless The hidden word is 'mend'.
- 68) lunch early The hidden word is 'hear'.
- 69) and rumbled The hidden word is 'drum'.
- 70) Stand over The hidden word is 'dove'.
- 71) w The new words are 'flaw', 'wind', 'show' and 'wet'.
- 72) y The new words are 'stay', 'yell', 'wary' and 'year'.
- 73) g The new words are 'drag', 'gate', 'leg' and 'gash'.
- 74) I The new words are 'stool', 'lane', 'real' and 'leap'.
- 75) b The new words are 'crab', 'bite', 'kerb' and 'belt'.
- 76) patch bed They are the places where vegetables and flowers are grown.
- 77) ink lead They are the part of a pen and pencil that make a mark.
- 78) tadpole caterpillar They are the young forms of a frog and a butterfly.
- 79) mine tap They are where coal and water come from.
- 80) bean leaf They are what coffee and tea are made from.