

Verbal Reasoning – Compound Words

Key Question

Underline a word from the first set, followed by a word from the second set, that go together to form a new word.

Look at this example:

(tea pour milk) (cup in glass) (The word is **teacup**.)

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. (cake <u>bath</u> sponge) | (<u>room</u> shower handle) |
| 2. (hop run <u>leap</u>) | (toad <u>frog</u> cat) |
| 3. (frighten leave <u>scare</u>) | (swan <u>crow</u> hat) |
| 4. (<u>lady</u> crew girl) | (dog hamster <u>bird</u>) |
| 5. (jump ride <u>hop</u>) | (fruit <u>scotch</u> pole) |
| 6. (cry <u>tear</u> whine) | (<u>drop</u> leave sad) |
| 7. (<u>rail</u> hill street) | (motorway bridge <u>way</u>) |
| 8. (green <u>black</u> thistle) | (barrow <u>berry</u> light) |
| 9. (over up <u>under</u>) | (jump <u>line</u> down) |
| 10. (pony walking <u>horse</u>) | (boot bridle <u>shoe</u>) |
| 11. (<u>wheel</u> car tractor) | (engine tyre <u>chair</u>) |
| 12. (at on <u>out</u>) | (window <u>door</u> home) |



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Vocabulary – Put into a sentence and find a synonym

broad brusque business

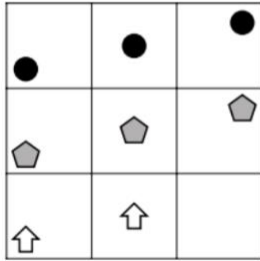
bruise burden calamity

Non-Verbal Reasoning – Complete the grid

Complete the Grid

On the left of the questions below is a big square with one small empty square. Find which of the five small squares should replace the empty square.

Example:



a



b



c



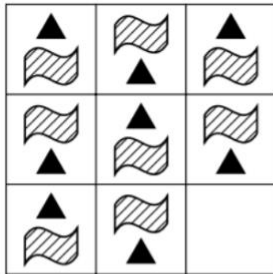
d



e

Moving from left to right, the shape moves diagonally up to the right.

4.



a



b



c

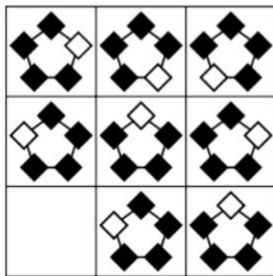


d



e

5.



a



b



c

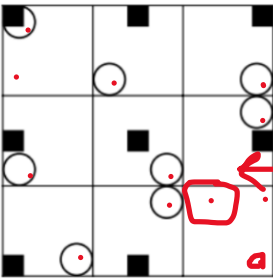


d



e

6.



a



b



c

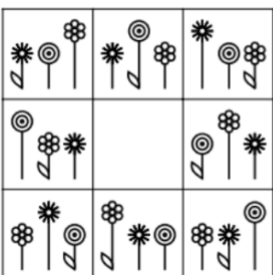


d



e

7.



a



b



c



d

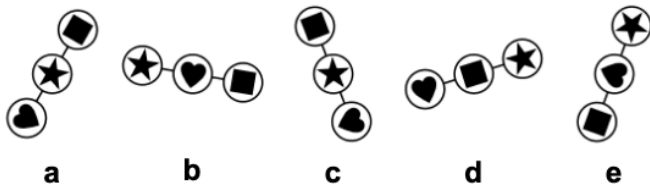


e

Find the Figure Like the First Three

Find the figure on the right that is most like the three figures on the left.

Example:

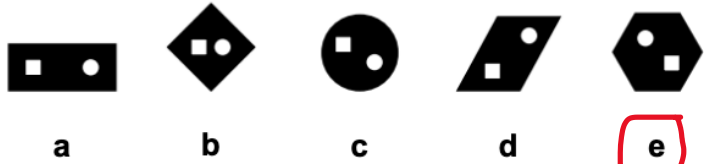


The square must be in the middle circle.

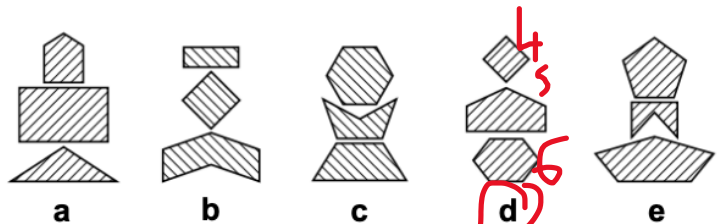
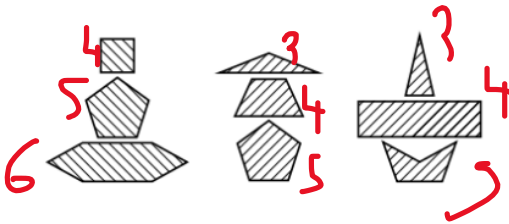
8.



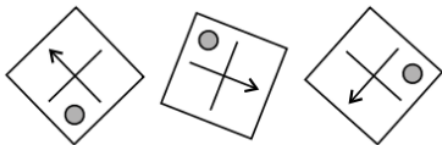
Circle on left, square on right



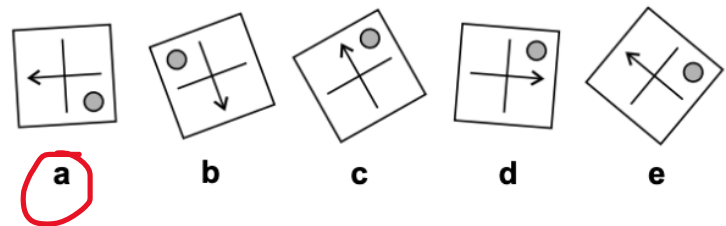
9.



10.



Bottom left of arrow



Maths - Division

Short Division Practice

Solve the short division calculations.

1)				
	2	0	r 1	
2	4	1		

2)				
	0	3	2	r 1
8	2	5	7	

3)				
	0	4	4	r 3
9	3	9	9	

4)				
	1	0	2	r 4
5	5	1	4	

5)				
	0	7	7	r 6
7	5	4	5	

6)				
	0	9	6	r 3
9	8	6	7	

7)				
	0	8	6	r 3
5	4	3	3	

8)				
	0	2	7	r 2
5	1	3	7	

9)				
	0	6	2	r 5
7	4	3	9	

10) Work out the missing numbers.

a)				
	1	3	4	r 1
4	5	3	7	

b)				
	2	8	4	r 1
3	8	5	3	

c)				
	2	3	3	r 2
4	9	3	4	

11) Which calculation is the odd one out?
Explain your reasoning.

$3 \overline{) 453} \div 3$	$4 \overline{) 485} \div 4$	$3 \overline{) 456} \div 3$	$6 \overline{) 726} \div 6$
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↑
remainder

12) 127 children from Twinkl school are going to watch a football match. 9 children can fit in a minibus.

How many minibuses are needed to take all the children?

	0	1	4	r 1
9	1	2	3	7

15
minibuses are needed.

